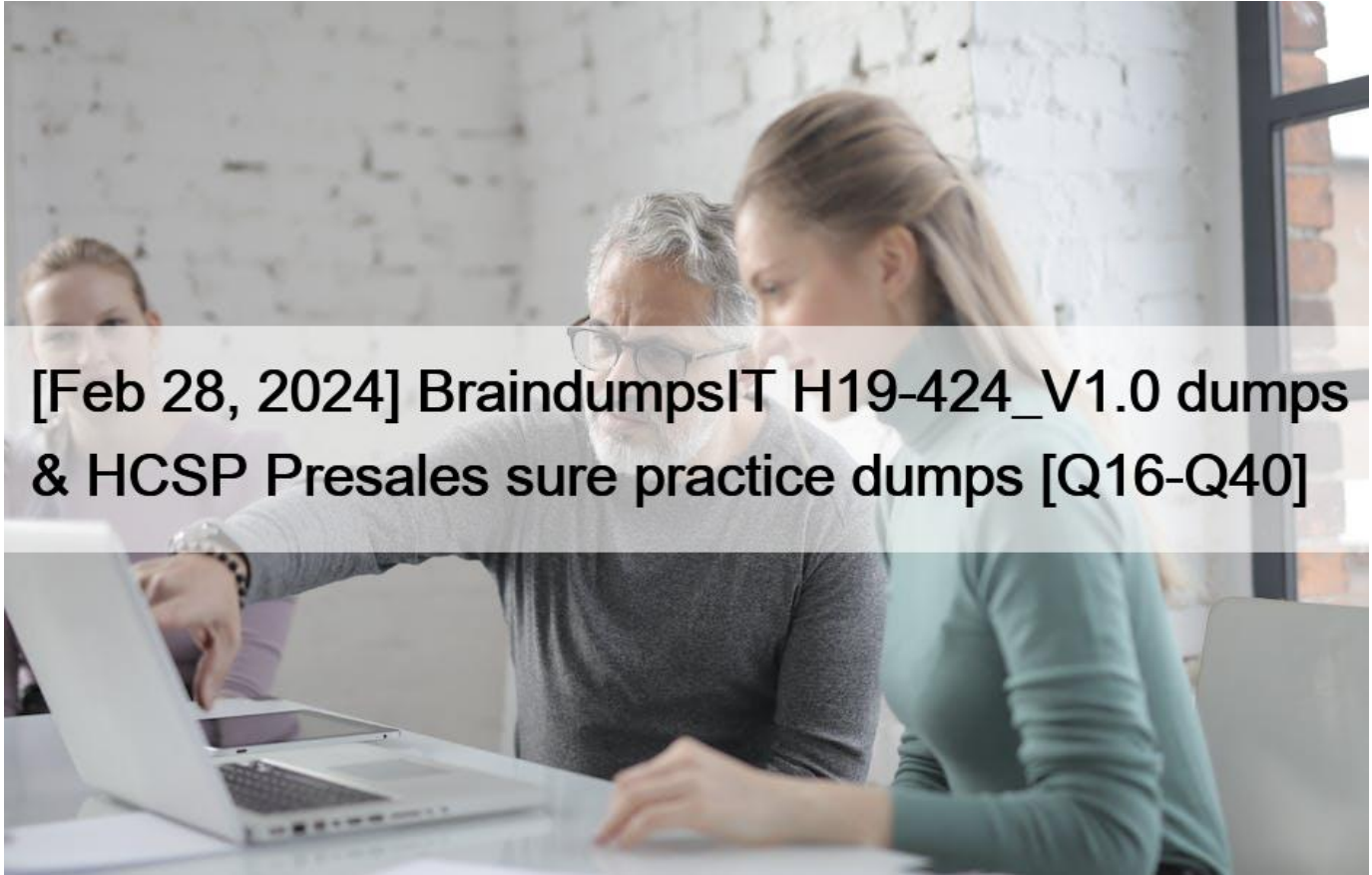


## [Feb 28, 2024 BraindumpsIT H19-424\_V1.0 dumps & HCSP Presales sure practice dumps [Q16-Q40]



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Huawei H19-424\_V1.0 Actual Questions and Braindumps

### NEW QUESTION 16

The description of the dual-border and WAC interconnection design of the campus distributed gateway is incorrect ()

- \* In the overlay interconnection solution, it is recommended to run the VRRP VRRP virtual address between the two borders as the gateway for wireless users
- \* During wireless centralized forwarding, the WAC and the border need to manage IP communication and service VLAN communication, that is, the underlay and overlay need to be connected.
- \* During wireless local forwarding, only the management IP address needs to be communicated between the WAC and the border, that is, the underlay is connected.
- \* Supported networking: WAC dual-node hot standby (VRRP dual-node hot standby or dual-link hot standby), and dual-border port sub-networking, recommended dual-node VRRP hot standby: In multi-campus interconnection LAN-WAN convergence scenarios, refer to the following topology

### NEW QUESTION 17

Configure the main interface of the translation tool, and some lines are marked with different background colors for the purpose of ()

- \* The relocation is too boring, and the interface is too monotonous, purely for decoration and good looks
- \* Remind users of the points that need special attention, such as: those that need to be manually confirmed and processed, and those that can be discarded
- \* In order to export the configuration, the configuration does not have the background color everywhere when exporting the configuration
- \* It has no practical effect

### NEW QUESTION 18

IN QOS DESIGN, THE DESCRIPTION OF THE DESIGN PRINCIPLES OF TRAFFIC SCHEDULING IS INCORRECT ()

- \* Maintain the principle of uniformity in the scheduling strategy of the whole network, and use templated deployment as much as possible to facilitate network management
- \* LPQ/WFQ scheduling strategies can be used to avoid low-priority services not being able to obtain bandwidth resources
- \* The current QoS policy needs to take into account the subsequent expansion of the network
- \* Core services and video-voice services should ensure the absolute priority of forwarding and use PQ scheduling
- \* Unless the business has special requirements, some parameters of the scheduling policy should be defaulted as much as possible
- \* For TCP-based services, the queue must be configured with WRED dropping to avoid TCP global synchronization

### NEW QUESTION 19

In the VXLAN access scenario, the maximum number of access devices is recommended

- \* 1
- \* 2
- \* 3
- \* 4

### NEW QUESTION 20

The following WLAN delivery policy is wrong ()

- \* High-density venues: Huawei's original factory delivery or original factory supervision and delivery (CSP is the delivery entity, and Huawei provides engineering survey, planning, and installation training services)
- \* Wireless backhaul: CSP delivery
- \* Massive indoor/outdoor scattered sites: Demonstration sites (at least 5%) are delivered under the supervision of Huawei's original factory, and the rest of the sites are delivered by CSPs
- \* Campus network: Huawei's original factory/CSP delivery

### NEW QUESTION 21

Which of the following interface protocols is not required by the MPLS tuning solution ()

- \* BGP-LS
- \* Netstream
- \* PCEP
- \* Telemetry

### NEW QUESTION 22

In the virtualization scenario of large and medium-sized campuses, the border node is used for the interconnection between the fabric network and the external network and data forwarding

- \* L3 shared exit

- \* L3 exclusive export
- \* L2 shared exit
- \* L2 exclusive export

### NEW QUESTION 23

In the CloudCampus solution, NETCONF/YANG does not support the management of Huawei devices

- \* CloudEngine S series switches
- \* CE series switches in data centers
- \* WLAN AP
- \* AR series routers
- \* USG series firewalls

### NEW QUESTION 24

For the description of the WLAN network planning scheme in the dormitory/hotel one-in-two scene with a bathroom at the door, the correct one is ()

- \* Select butterfly wing wave AP wall-mounted bathroom corner, height 2.2~2.5m, a single AP covers the left and right 2 rooms
- \* The AP fixes the radio power and configures the maximum EIRP to improve the downlink coverage of the room through the wall, with the worst 5G downlink RSSI being -65dBm and the worst uplink RSSI being -80dBm
- \* Indoor omnidirectional APs (2\*2 models such as 5761-11) are deployed separately in the corridor to ensure roaming continuity
- \* The bathroom relies on 5G for coverage and turns off 2.4G

### NEW QUESTION 25

The following scenarios in the CloudCampus solution do not belong to external network interconnection:

- \* L3 shared exit
- \* L3 exclusive export
- \* Shared export
- \* L2 exclusive export

### NEW QUESTION 26

Among the following devices, the wireless AP operating at 2.4GHz will not interfere with ()

- \* Microwave oven
- \* Bluetooth headset
- \* Infrared sensor
- \* Cordless phone working in the 2.4G frequency band

### NEW QUESTION 27

The description of the main function of the configuration translation tool is correct ()

- \* All of the above statements are correct
- \* Used in relocation scenarios, this tool can restore the user's existing network networking status and service characteristics information
- \* It is used in relocation scenarios, mainly used to formulate relocation plans and design the networking structure of new networks
- \* It is used in relocation scenarios, mainly used to translate the configuration of friends in batches and improve the efficiency of relocation

### NEW QUESTION 28

In the virtualization scenario, we recommend using () external network design when using a unified access policy for different VNs

- \* L3 shared exit
- \* L3 exclusive export
- \* L2 shared exit
- \* L2 exclusive export

### NEW QUESTION 29

The description of the main functions of the configuration generation tool is correct

- \* Through this tool, you can restore the user's existing network networking and service characteristics
- \* It is mainly used to generate configuration scripts in batches
- \* It is mainly used to specify the relocation plan and design the networking structure of the new network
- \* The above statements are correct

### NEW QUESTION 30

When using the planning and design tool, the following statement is wrong about the layout of the campus network cabinet

- \* There are two views: logical cabinet and physical cabinet
- \* Drag and drop to adjust the position of the device
- \* Modular switches support board design
- \* The server cannot be planned and placed in the cabinet

### NEW QUESTION 31

What should I do if I want to delete a configuration delivered to the device through NCE-Campus and manually delete the command line on the device ()

- \* Delete it directly in NCE-Campus
- \* Add the command line on the device, and then delete it through NCE-Campus
- \* No other operations are required, NCE-Campus will reconcile

### NEW QUESTION 32

In the WLAN scenario, the following statements are wrong for demand collection ()

- \* Coverage are answer confirm the key coverage area (such as office, conference room, etc.) and common coverage area (such as stairs, toilets, etc.) required by the customer
- \* Pay the signal field strength requirements in the area, for example, -40dBm~-65dBm in key areas, and

>-75dBm in ordinary areas

- \* Number of concurrent users: the total number of terminals connected in the current coverage area, and how many people in the coverage area are planned to be connected at the same time
- \* Bandwidth requirements: the main types of services planned by the customer and the bandwidth requirements for each user

### NEW QUESTION 33

The following description of business-oriented VAP is correct

- \* Provide wireless terminal access function
- \* Establish a MESH connection
- \* Each radio can be configured with multiple radio resources, and the number is unlimited
- \* Each radio can be configured with only one

### NEW QUESTION 34

For the sake of WLAN security, if the customer wants to manage the WLAN data in a unified manner, the customer can choose which of the following networking methods:

- \* AC side-attached data is forwarded directly
- \* AC side-attached data tunnel forwarding
- \* Layer 3 networking data is forwarded directly
- \* Layer 2 networking data is forwarded directly

### NEW QUESTION 35

Which of the following does not belong to the reliability technology of the controller server ()

- \* Local hardware redundancy protection
- \* TE HSB
- \* Local software protection
- \* Remote disaster recovery

### NEW QUESTION 36

When using the planning and design tool, what is the incorrect description of the function of NCE-Campus planning?

- \* Support IP address design
- \* Support installation parameter design
- \* The network also supports NCE-Campus planning
- \* Plan the networking mode and cluster scale in the scenario of the scheme

### NEW QUESTION 37

Regarding the principle of VN division, the following statement is wrong

- \* In a virtualized network, different service networks can be distinguished by different VNs
- \* Virtual networks are isolated from each other by default
- \* Independent business units can be used as a separate virtual network
- \* The isolation requirements caused by the difference of user identities in the same department can be realized by dividing different virtual networks

### NEW QUESTION 38

Endpoint SID of PE type, which is used to identify an IPv4 VPN instance in the network

- \* End.DX4 SID
- \* End.X SID
- \* End.OP SID
- \* EnDT4 SID

### NEW QUESTION 39

In iMaster NCE-Campus V300R022C00, the function description of the distributed switch (remote module) scenario is incorrect ()

- \* O&M capability: support restart operations on distributed switches: support reporting alarms for failed upgrade of distributed switches. Control capability: Configurations can be directly delivered to distributed switches (remote modules).
- \* Control capability: support direct configuration delivery to distributed switches (remote modules).
- \* Management capability: You can view the information of the distributed switch based on the central switch, including the ESN,

model, online status, interface directly connected to the central switch, and the port list information of the distributed switch itself.

- \* Monitoring capability: You can view the memory usage, storage space usage, and temperature of distributed switches, as well as the running status, rate, flow rate, packet statistics, and bandwidth utilization of distributed switch ports.

#### **NEW QUESTION 40**

The description of the CloudEngine S8700 switch is incorrect.

- \* Provide 3 product forms: 4 slots, 6 slots and 10 slots.
- \* CloudEngine S8700 is a spruce type device.
- \* It has ultra-high-density GE/10GE/25GE/40GE/100GE full-rate access ports, and has a variety of port types.
- \* Adopt distributed forwarding architecture

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